MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

4024 MATHEMATICS

4024/01

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

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		4			
1	(a)	1		1	A (0.50) "
	(b)	8 0.8		1	Accept 0.53 or better
		^δ / ₁₅ o.e.			
2	(a)	1.77(0)		1	
2		1/7		1	
	(b)	147 5x ⁶		-	
3	(a)	5X		1	
	(b)	11		1	Accept 3 1 E
		$1\frac{1}{2}$ or -2			Accept $\frac{3}{2}$, 1.5
4	(a)	80		1	۲
4				1	405
	(b)	$62\frac{1}{2}$		I	Not $\frac{125}{2}$ Accept 62.5
		2			2
5	(a)			1	Accept any equivalents
	``	$0.7^2, \frac{7}{11}, 0.7, \frac{7}{9}$			
	(1-)	11 5		4	
	(b)	400		1	A
6	(a)	34		1	Accept –34, ±34
	(b)	-9		1	
7	(a)	13		1	6.5
		13 o.e.			Not $\frac{6.5}{9}$
	(h)	70 c.a.o.		4	6
	(b)			1	Accept –70, ±70, 7 x 10, 10 x 7
	(c)	8 c.a.o. 2 ² x 3 ³		1	Accept –8, ±8 Not 8 x 1
8	(a)	$2^{2} \times 3^{3}$		1	Accept 2 x 2 etc. condone $x1^n$
		2 2			throughout
	(b)	$2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5$		1*	Answer 1080 look back. Give mark if
					correct prime factors seen
	(c)	75 or 3×5^2 $-1 \ (\leq x <) 2$ B1		1	
9	(a)	-1 (≤x <) 2 B1	+ B1	2	Reversed answers – SC1
	(b)	-1, 0, 1 V		1 √	Given $-p \le x < q$ in (a) , allow
	(-)	NB: 0 must be included		• •	$\sqrt{if p}$ and q are positive integers
10	(a)	5:2 c.a.o		1	Inclusion of units \Rightarrow no marks
		2.1×10^8		-	
	(b)			2	SC1 for figs. 21; Condone –2.1 x 10 ⁸
11	(a)	4/15 o.e.		1	Allow $\frac{4x}{15}$
		15			15
	(b)		M1		
	(-/	$\left(\frac{2}{5}-\frac{1}{3}\right)C = 1600 \text{ o.e.}$			SC1 for $\frac{1}{15}$ s.o.i.
		$(5 \ 3)$			15
		(\$)24 000	A1	2*	
12	(a)	3a - 2c o.e.		1	
	(b)			1*	Must be numerical
	(-/	Establishing $k \overrightarrow{OP} = \ell \overrightarrow{BA}$		-	
	(c)	2		1	Accept 1.5, 3:2
	(0)	$\frac{3}{2}$ o.e.		•	1000pt 1.0, 0.2
13	(a)	Correct, ruled, line (and no others)		1	Accept if line dotted. 3 mm tolerance
	(b)	correct method to produce 900 (7 sided)	M1		
		or			
		correct method to produce 720 (6 sided)			
		or			
		correct method to produce 540 (5 sided)			
		or			
		$\frac{360 - \text{their } 54}{5}$ or $6x = 360 - 54$			
		6			
		(ext < method)			
		129	A1	2*	
			, , , ,	-	

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			· .	
14	(a)	16	1	
		27		
	(b)			
	()	$\frac{2}{3}x\frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{3}x\frac{4}{9}$ M1		
			0.4	
		6 27 A1	2*	
		27		
15	(a)	9	1	
	(b)	3π Both correct 3 *		In (b) condone 3, $k = 3$, $3k\pi$.
	(c)	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \ \pi \\ 60^{\circ} \text{ or } \frac{\pi}{3} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Both correct 3} \\ \text{One correct 2} \end{array}$	1	If no marks:- M1 for
	(-)	$60^{\circ} \text{ or } \frac{\pi}{2}$ One correct 2	-	circum = 18π or 2π x their (a) $$
		3)		Must be numerical
16	(a)	(i) 2	1	Condone 2 <i>p</i>
10	(a)	(ii) $5\sqrt{3}$ their (a) -1	1	Condone $5q$ or $5x$
	(h)		1	
	(b)	$\left(-\frac{1}{2},0\right)$ and (5,0)		
17	(a)	(i) 2	1	Accept (y α) x^2 or (y =) kx^2
	()	(ii) 1	1	Accept (y α) x ¹ or (y =) kx ¹
	(b)	4	2	
18				
10	(a)	2 pairs of angles stated equal B1 Reasons + conclusion (dep on 1 st B1) B1	2	Last for wrong or irrelevant
		Reasons + conclusion (dep on 1 st B1) B1	2	Lost for wrong or irrelevant
	(6)	(i) 10		statements
	(b)	(i) 12	1	
		(ii) $\frac{x}{14-x} = \frac{2}{3}$ o.e. M1		
		14 - x = 3		
		28 A1	2*	
		$BX = \frac{28}{5} \text{ o.e.} $ A1		
		J		

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4.4	(-)		D 4		
14	(a)	1550 (≤ distance <) 1650	B1	•	
		5.5 (≤ speed <) 6.5	B1	2	SC1 for any 2 seen
	(b)	300 sec o.e.		1	
15	(a)	$(-4 \ 2)$		2	SC1 for 3 correct elements
		(-6 0) o.e.			condone intrusive letters
	(b)	$1(2 \ 3)$			seen and isw
	• •	$-\frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3\\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ o.e. B1	+ B1	2*	
40	(.)				
16	(a)	(i) 4p +7 c.a.o		1	
		(ii) $-1\sqrt{1}$ solution of (their $4p + 7$) = 3		1	
	(b)	$(a-1)^2 - 1$	M1		
		$a^2 - 2a$ or $a(a - 2)$	A1	2*	
17	(a)	y = 2x + 3 o.e.		1	
	(b)	(i) Lines $x = 1$ and $y = 3$ drawn	B1		
		Lines $x + y = 2$ drawn	B1	2	
		(ii) Correct region identified		1	Part of region below the x axis should
		dept. on all 3 lines correct condoning			be indicated
		minor inacc.			
18	(a)	Arras B		1	
		(///A)			
		X (1922)			
		- C.			
	(b)	$P \cap Q'$ o.e.		1	$(P' \cup Q)'$
	(c)	25 - x + x + 20 - x + 4 (= 36)	M1		
		13	A1	2*	Diag. with <i>x</i> , 25 − <i>x</i> , 20 − <i>x</i> , 4 all
					marked earns the M1

40		00				1
19	(a) (b)	20			1	
	(b) (c)	110 20			1	
	(c) (d)		180 – [their (<i>y</i> + <i>z</i>)] √		1	
20	(a)		.a.o. or $\frac{3}{5}$ c.a.o		1	Accept fraction: condone inclusion of units
	(b)	9:25	or (their (a)) ²		1	Accept 9π: 25π
	(c)	Idea	of $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3$	M1		NB. $\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^3$ is M1
		27:98	3 c.a.o	A1	2*	
21	(a)	(i)	<u>15</u> o.e. seen		1*	Allow 1.00 but not 1.0. Not 7.5
			8 o.e. seen			Allow 1.88 but not 1.9; Not $\frac{7.5}{4}$
		(ii)	95		1	
	(b)	Grap	h from (0,0) to (20, 95) $$		1	Graph must be continuous and non decending
		Fully	correct graph or $$ to their 95	2		
		corre	te (+ve gradient) from t = 0-6 ct curvature from t = 6-8 line (not on axis) from t = 8-12	}	2	If graph not fully correct:- SC1 for 2 or 3 parts correct
		corre	ct curvature from t = 12-20	J		
22	(a)	(i)	15		1	Not –15
		(ii)	(10,9)		1	[but allow $$ mark in (c) for –30]
		(iii)	$30 \sqrt{2} x$ their 15		1	
			6/10 o.e.		1	
	(b)	_ 5	or $\frac{k^2 - 111}{10k}$		1	Accept $-\frac{5}{\sqrt{61}}$
		$-\frac{1}{k}$	10 <i>k</i>			$\sqrt{61}$
23	(a)	Arc o	f circle, centre L, radius 2 cm		1	Allow within 2 mm
	(b)	St lin	es, parallel to AB and BC, 2 cm			
	• •	dista		B1		
		Fully	correct locus	+B1 dep	2	
	(c)	25 (a	nd) 48 or 29 and 48 $(\pm 2^{\circ})$	B1 + B1	2	Correct locus range $23 \rightarrow 50$ incl.
						If sharp loci range $27 \rightarrow 50$ incl.
						SC1 if one angle in range or for reversed angles
						$\sqrt{100}$ from their loci (arc or point)
						dept. on relevant locus
24	(a)	Δdra	wn (4,4), (8,4) and (10,2)		1	
	(b)	Rota	lion	B1		Not turn: extra transf. seen loses both marks
		90 ° (CW, centre (0,0)	B1	2	Condone –90°; Allow $\begin{pmatrix} 0\\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ or 0.
	(c)	Δdra	wn (-2, 2), (-4, 2), (-5, 1)	B2	2*	SC1 for 2 points plotted or for 3 pts stated